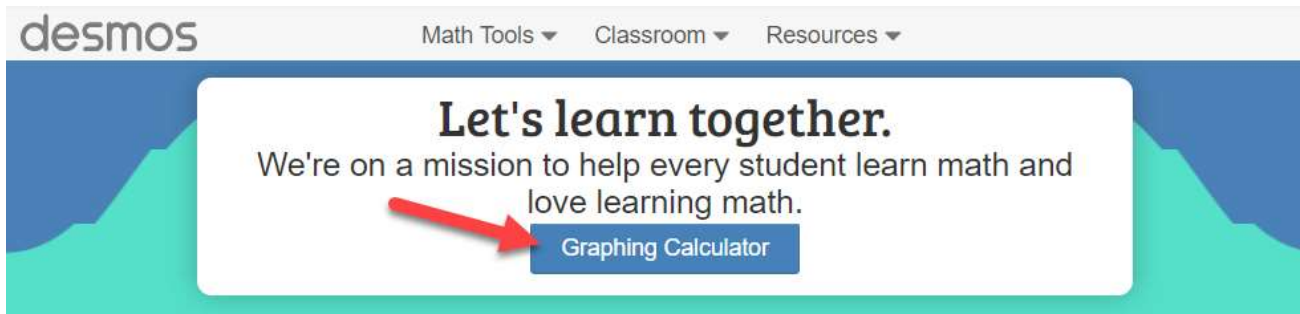
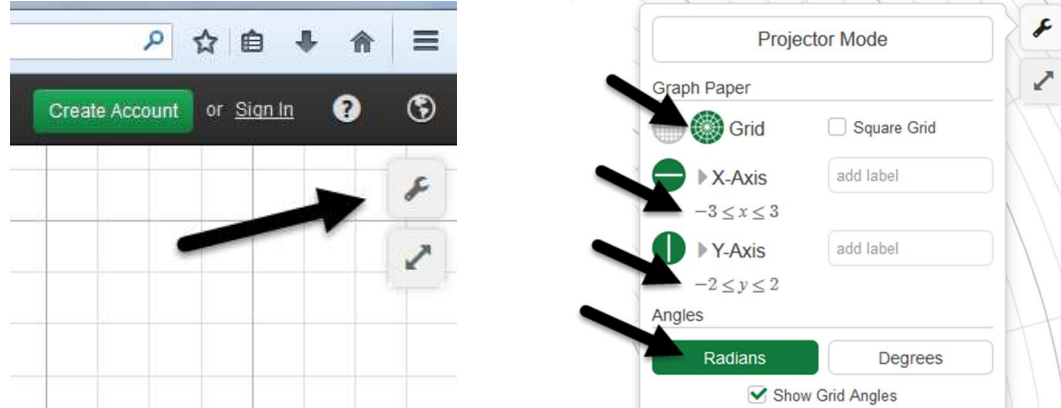


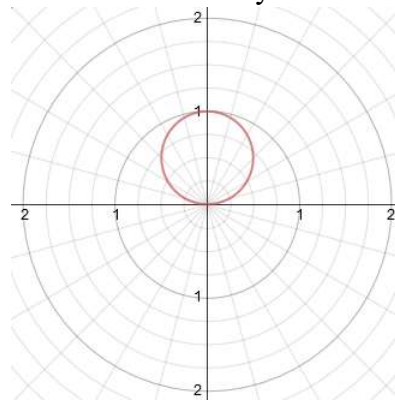
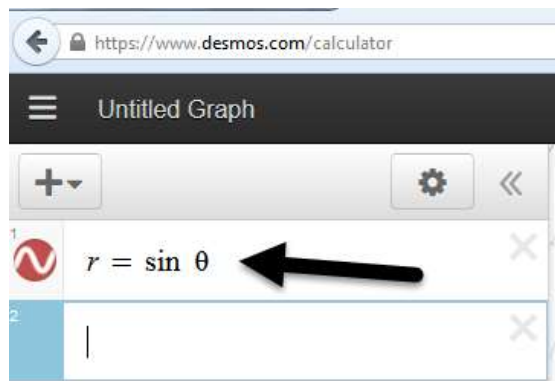
→Go to **desmos.com** and click on Graphing Calculator:



→Click on **tool icon** in upper right corner, then choose options for **Circular Grid** and **Radians**. Be sure to size your graph window by adjusting the x-axis and y-axis to a ratio of 3:2 and/or adjust the viewing window to make it “square” so graphs aren’t distorted. You can also zoom in and out.



→You are ready to type in your equations! To get the Theta symbol, you must type in **r = theta** and the calculator will automatically switch it to **r = θ** for you.



TI-83+ and TI-84+ calculators:

- *Set **Mode** to *Pol* (polar graphing)
- *Select **Radians**
- *Create “square” window by using a **3:2 ratio** for x and y (so graphs aren’t distorted)
- * Adjust window as needed and/or select **ZOOM**, option **ZoomFit**

Spiral will need multiple rotations so **ADJUST θ MAXIMUM** to 6π or higher.

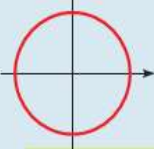

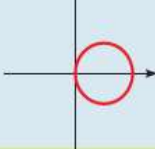

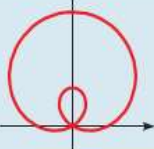
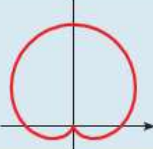

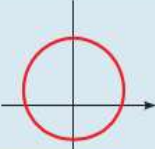
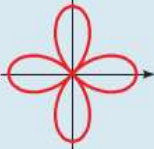
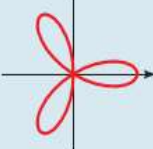
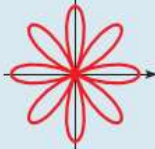
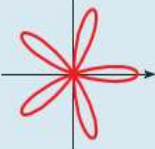
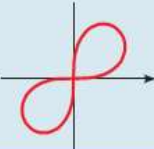
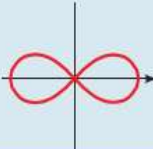
***Window for all graphs except for a spiral:**

θ min 0	X min -3	Y min -2
max 2π	max 3	max 2
step $\pi/24$	scale 1	scale 1

$\approx .1308996$
step = how often points are plotted between 0 and 2π

OR any 3:2 ratio x = 3, 6, 9, 12,...
y = 2, 4, 6, 8,...

Classifying polar graphs based on the given trig function and values of a and b:

SOME COMMON POLAR CURVES				
Circles and Spiral				
				
$r = a$ circle	$r = a \sin \theta$ circle	$r = a \cos \theta$ circle	$r = a\theta$ spiral	
Limaçons, Cardioid				
$r = a \pm b \sin \theta$ $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$ $(a > 0, b > 0)$ Orientation depends on the trigonometric function (sine or cosine) and the sign of b .				
				
$a < b$ limaçon with inner loop	$a = b$ cardioid	$a > b$ dimpled limaçon	$a > 2b$ convex limaçon	
Roses				
$r = a \sin n\theta$ $r = a \cos n\theta$ n -leaved if n is odd $2n$ -leaved if n is even				
				
$r = a \cos 2\theta$ 4-leaved rose	$r = a \cos 3\theta$ 3-leaved rose	$r = a \cos 4\theta$ 8-leaved rose	$r = a \cos 5\theta$ 5-leaved rose	
Lemniscates				
Figure-eight-shaped curves				
				
$r^2 = a^2 \sin 2\theta$ lemniscate	$r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$ lemniscate			

8.2 #17-20, 24-34 even, 40-44

CHECK EVEN ANSWERS

$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}x$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

cardioid

cardioid

circle

lemniscate

limaçon

rose

rose

rose

spiral

HINT: #20

Since $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$, it follows that $\tan \frac{5\pi}{6} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

Therefore, $\tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

Now substitute $\frac{y}{x}$ for $\tan \theta$,

to get $\frac{y}{x} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

then rewrite in $y =$ form

OR draw a triangle in Quad II since $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{6}$

Label values for x and y using a special

triangle and find the slope using $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$ or $\frac{y}{x}$.

Use $y = mx + b$ to write an equation.